

# **More Data, More Science and... Moore's Law**

**Kathy Yelick**

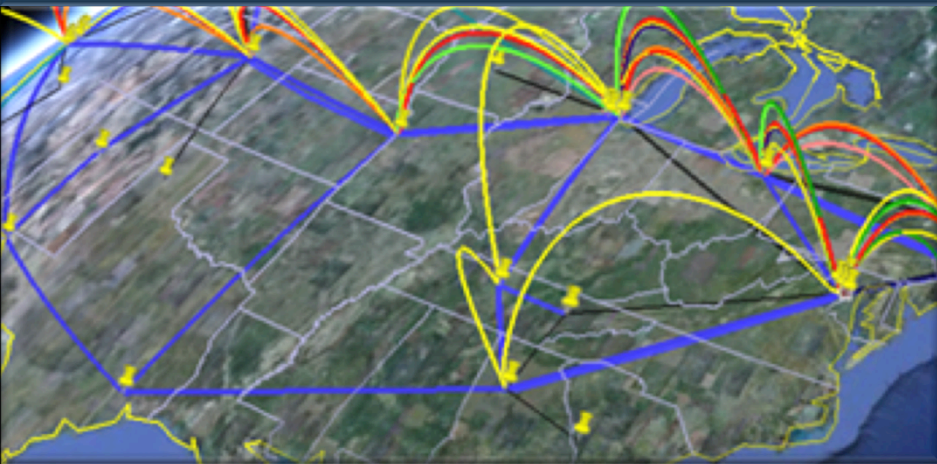
**Professor of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences  
University of California at Berkeley  
Associate Laboratory Director for Computing Sciences  
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory**

# Computing Sciences at Berkeley Lab

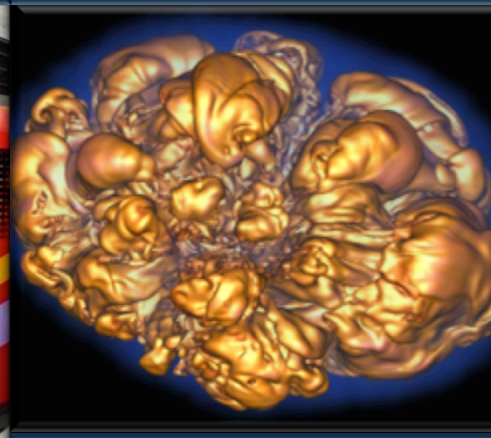
## NERSC Facility



## ESnet Facility



## Computational Research



## Applied Mathematics

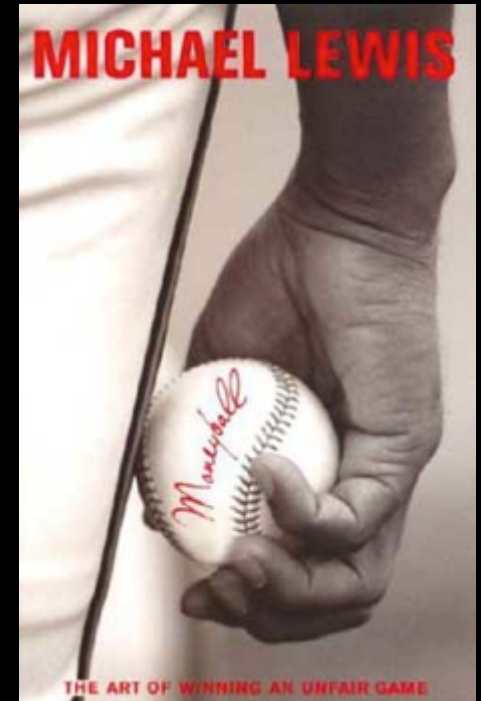


## Computational Science

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\text{Var}(t)}{dt} &= \\ & - K^2 F g + g K^2 F ds - \int_{s_2(t)}^{s_1(t)+S} (-g^{-1} F_s)_s - K \\ & = - \int_{s_1(t)}^{s_2(t)} (g^{-1} F_s)_s ds + \int_{s_2(t)}^{s_1(t)+S} (g^{-1} F_s)_s ds \\ & \quad - F_s |_{s_2(t)} - g^{-1} F_s |_{s_1(t)} + [g^{-1} F_s |_{s_1(t)+S} - \\ & = -2 (g^{-1} F_K K_s) |_{s_2(t)} + 2 (g^{-1} F_K K_s) |_{s_1(t)} \end{aligned}$$

## Computer Science

# “Big Data” Changes Everything...What about Science?



# Transforming Science: Finding Data

Safari File Edit View History Bookmarks Window Help

www.google.com/search?tbs=sbi:AMhZZIu-Ft1o4xXIjhVjclUv\_1GtY\_1M9gV\_1hy

Berkeley Lab (...) TeamSnap :: M... Google CalMail - You... Search Results...

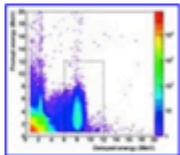
+You Search **Images** Mail Drive Calendar Sites Groups More -

CalMail - You must be logged in to a page.

Google Antineutrinos.jpg

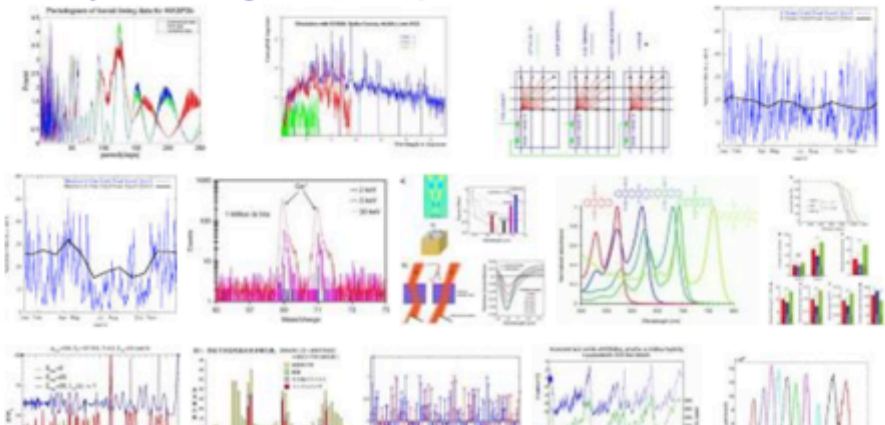
Web **Images** Maps Shopping More Search tools

Tip: Try entering a descriptive word in the search box.

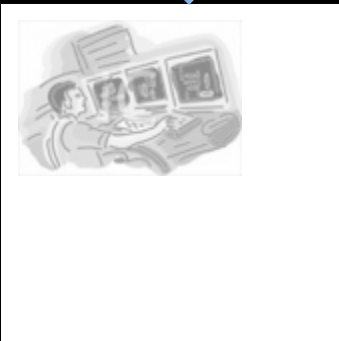
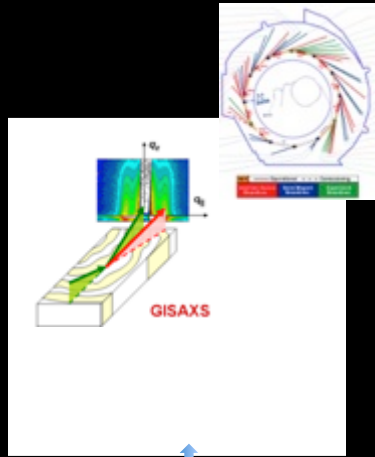
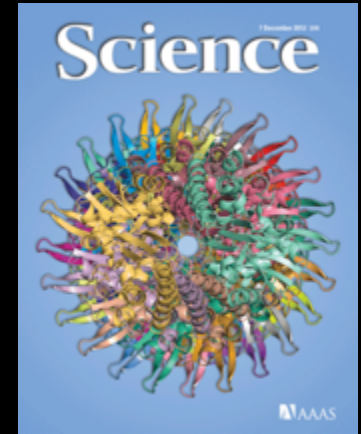
 Image size:  
153 × 133

No other sizes of this image found.

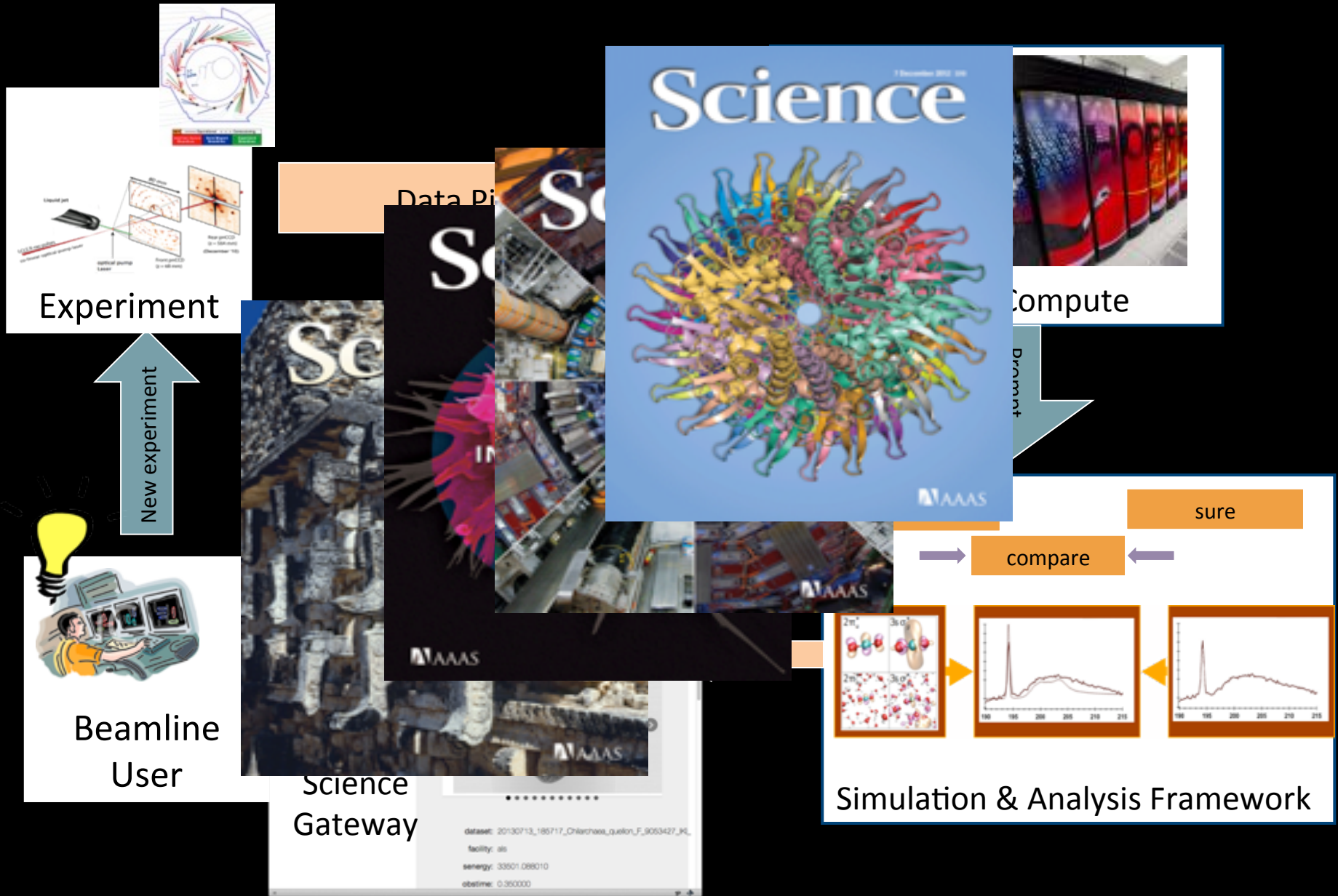
[Visually similar images](#) - Report images



# Scientific Workflow Today



# Scientific Workflow envisioned



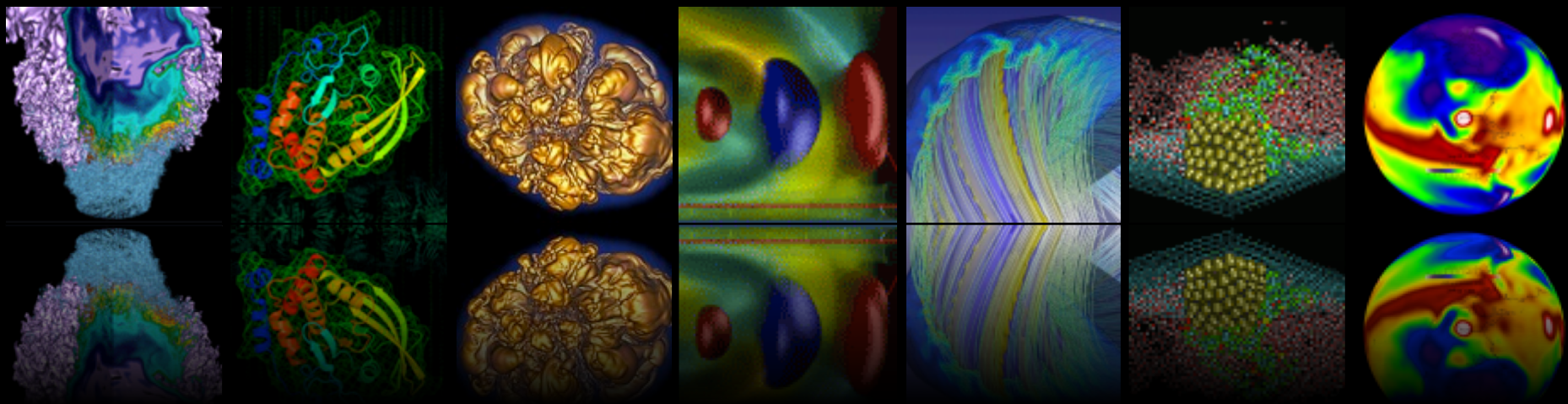
**KATHY YELICK'S**  
**2031:**  
**a science odyssey**



# **Life of a Scientist in 2031**

- **No personal/departmental computers**
- **Users don't login to HPC Facilities**
- **Travel replaced by telepresence**
- **Lecturers teach millions of students**
- **Theorems proven by online communities**
- **Laboratory work is outsourced**
- **Experimental facilities are used remotely**
- **All scientific data is open**
- **Big science and team science democratized**

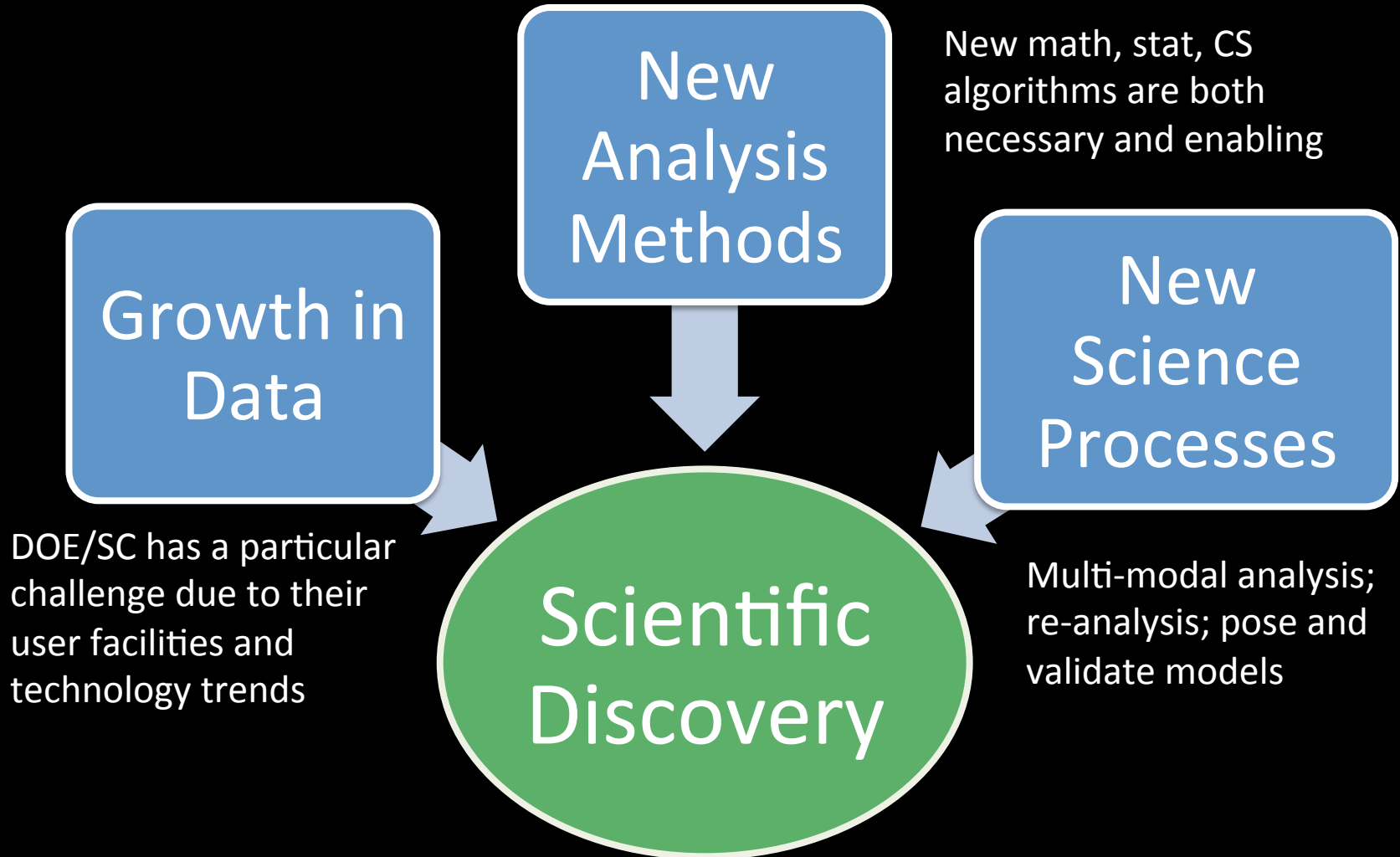




## Extreme Data Science

The scientific process is poised to undergo a radical transformation based on the ability to access, analyze, simulate and combine large and complex data sets.

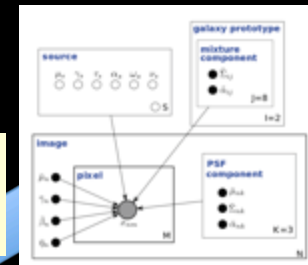
# Goal: To enable new modes of scientific discovery



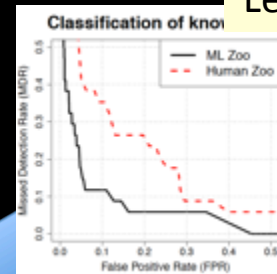
# Data in Astrophysics: The Challenge is Systematics



Graphical models



Machine Learning



New simulation models and AMR code (Nyx)

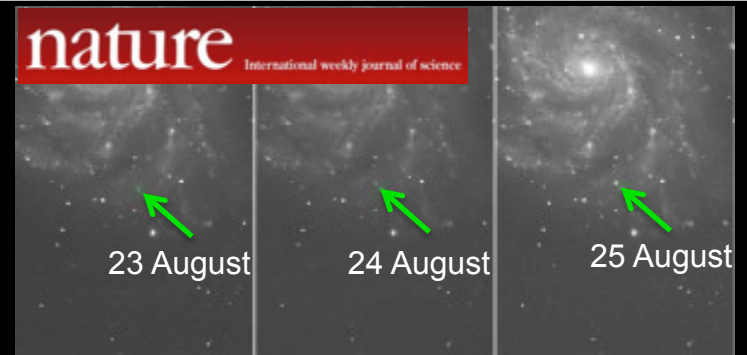
Crowd sourced

Example: Astrophysicists discover early nearby supernova

Filtered

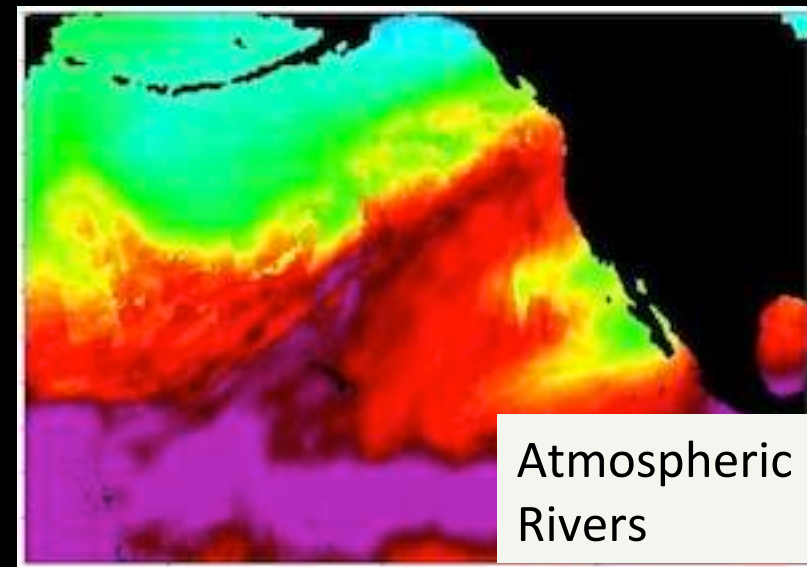
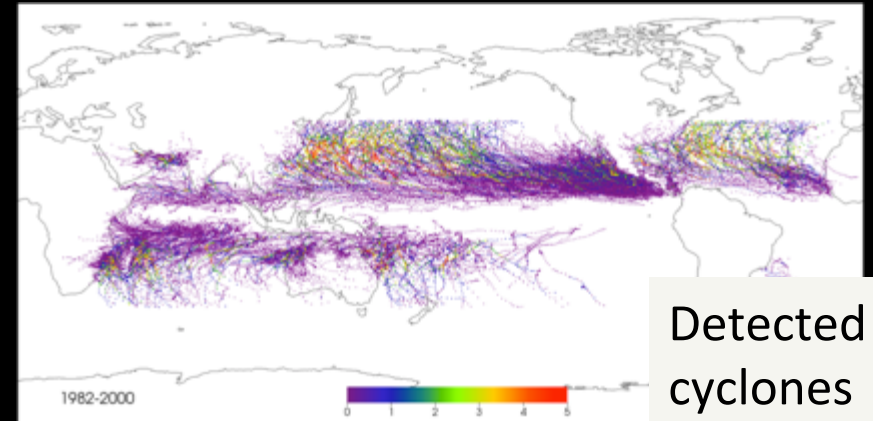


GB per night  
Manually analyzed



# Identify Phenomenon using Machine Learning

- **TECA Toolkit today**
  - Automatic detection of cyclones, atmospheric rivers, and more
  - Analysis time years to minutes
- **Climate Analysis in 2031**
  - Machine learning for all events
  - Automatic metadata generation
  - Fusion of simulations, sensors, etc.
  - Real-time analysis and response



# Filtering, De-Noise and Curating Data



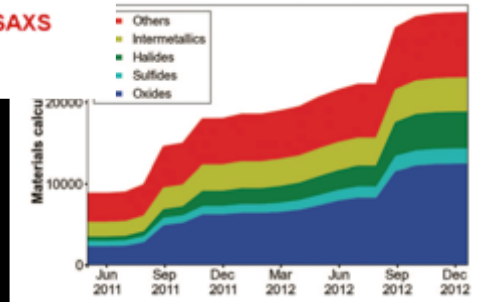
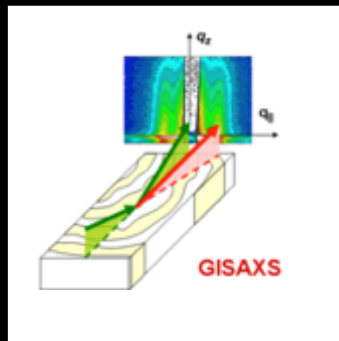
**AmeriFlux & FLUXNET: 750 users access carbon sensor data from 960 carbon flux data years**

**Arno Penzias and Robert Wilson discover Cosmic Microwave Background in 1965**

# Re-Use and Re-Analyze Previously Collected Data

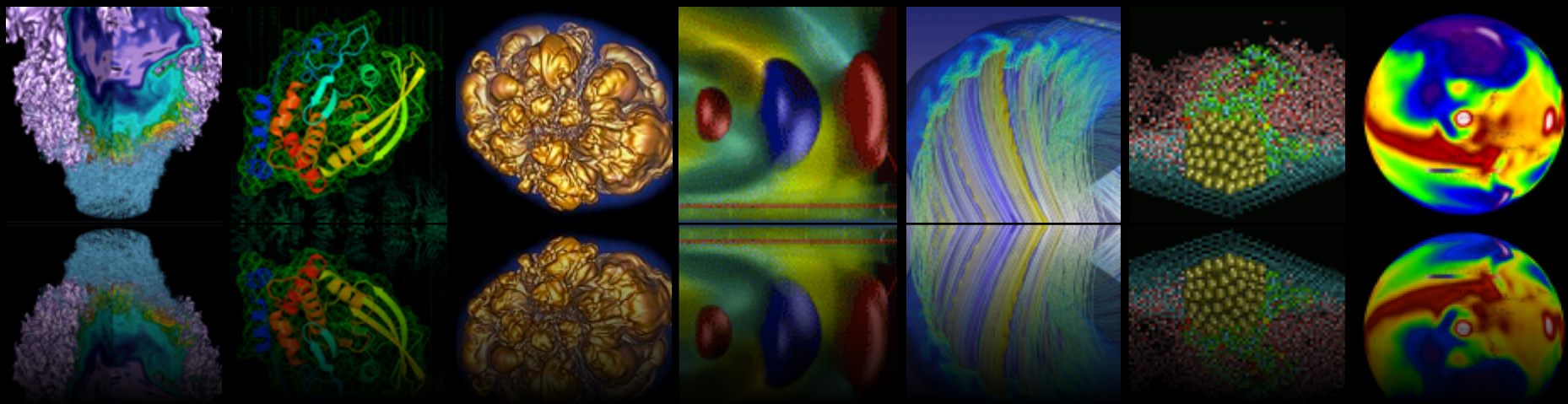
- **Materials Genome Initiative**

- Materials Project: 4500 users 18 months!
- Scientific American “World Changing Idea” of 2013 – what about 2031?



*Unbounded computing requirements for simulation and analysis*

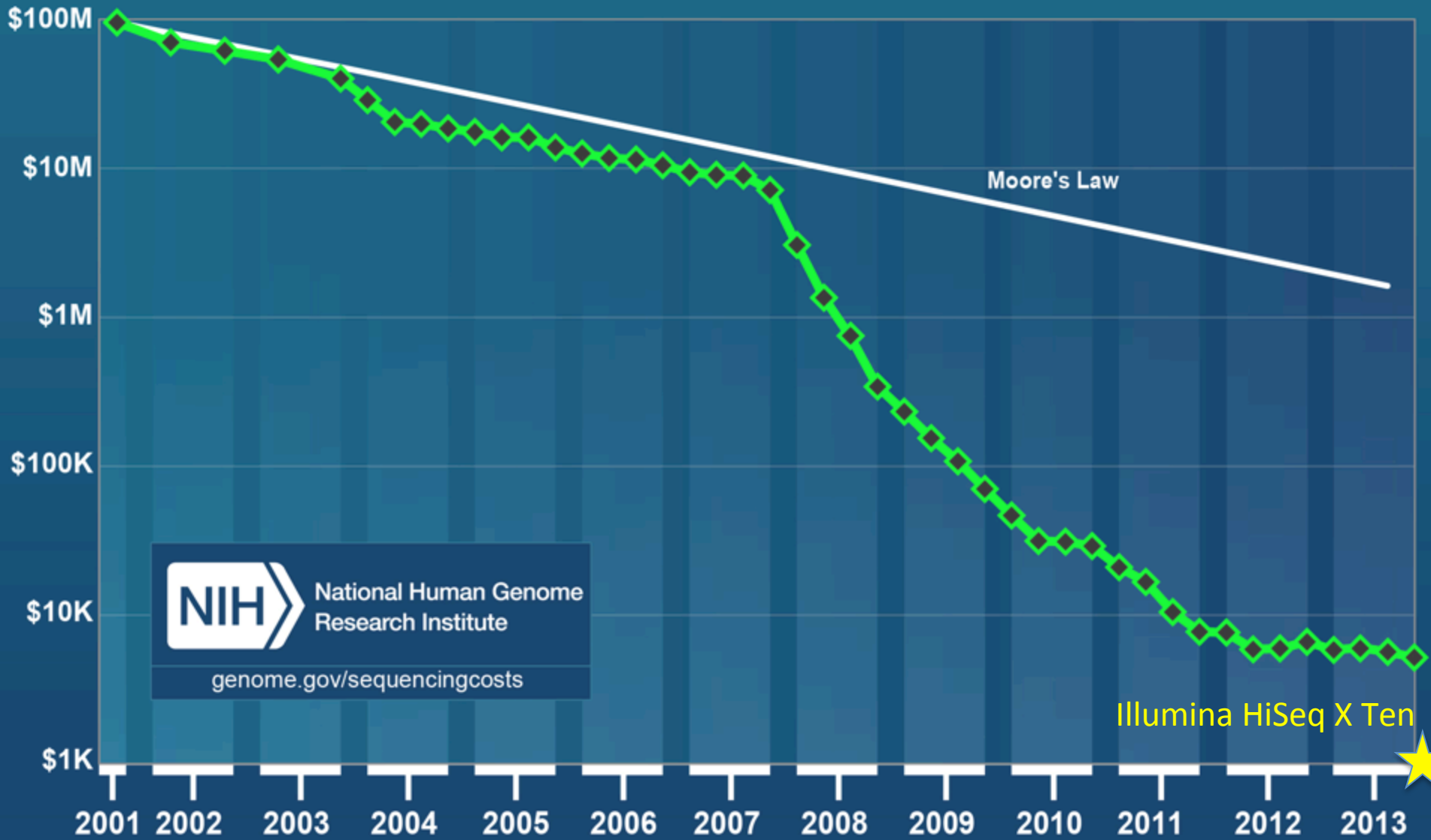




**Science Data is Big (and Growing)**



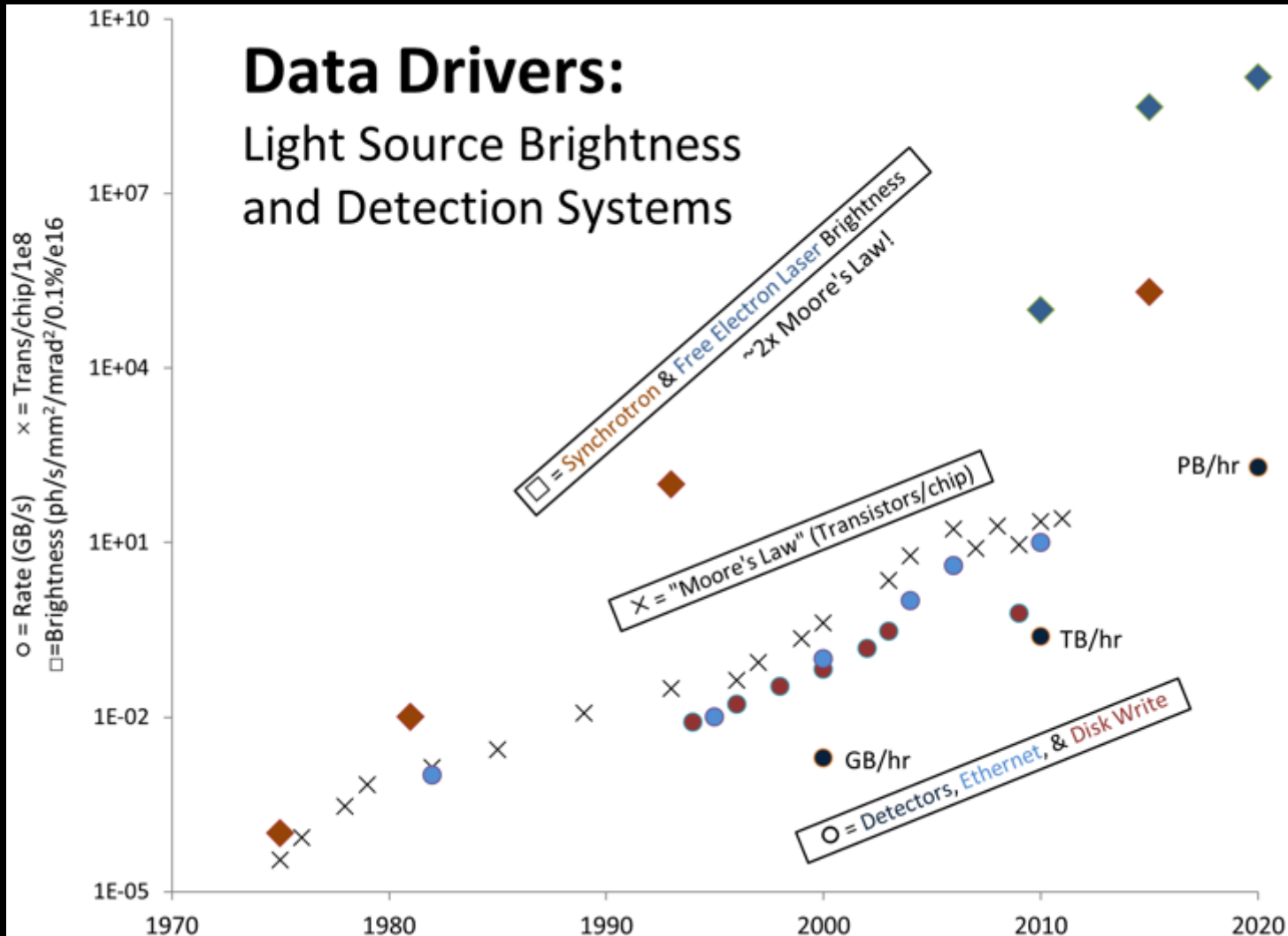
# Cost per Genome



**NIH** National Human Genome Research Institute  
[genome.gov/sequencingcosts](http://genome.gov/sequencingcosts)

Illumina HiSeq X Ten

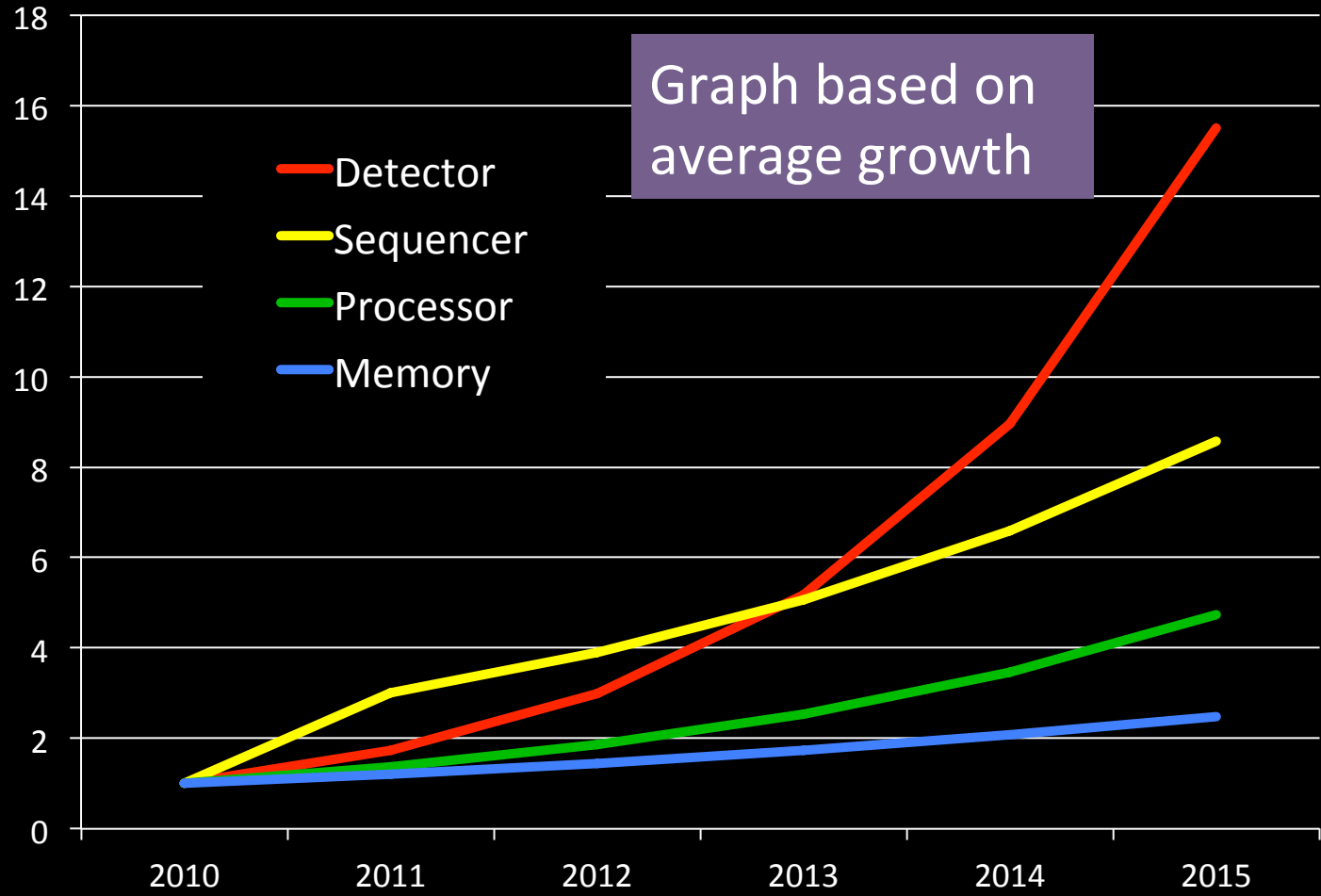
# Light Sources – It's Not Just Genomics



source: D. Parkinson, LBNL

# Data Growth is Outpacing Computing Growth

Projected Data Rates Relative to 2010



# “Big Data” Challenges in Science

## *Volume, velocity, variety, and veracity*



### Biology

- *Volume*: Petabytes now; computation-limited
- *Variety*: multi-modal analysis on bioimages



### Cosmology & Astronomy:

- *Volume*: 1000x increase every 15 years
- *Variety*: combine data sources for accuracy



### High Energy Physics

- *Volume*: 3-5x in 5 years
- *Velocity*: real-time filtering adapts to intended observation



### Materials:

- *Variety*: multiple models and experimental data
- *Veracity*: quality and resolution of simulations



### Light Sources

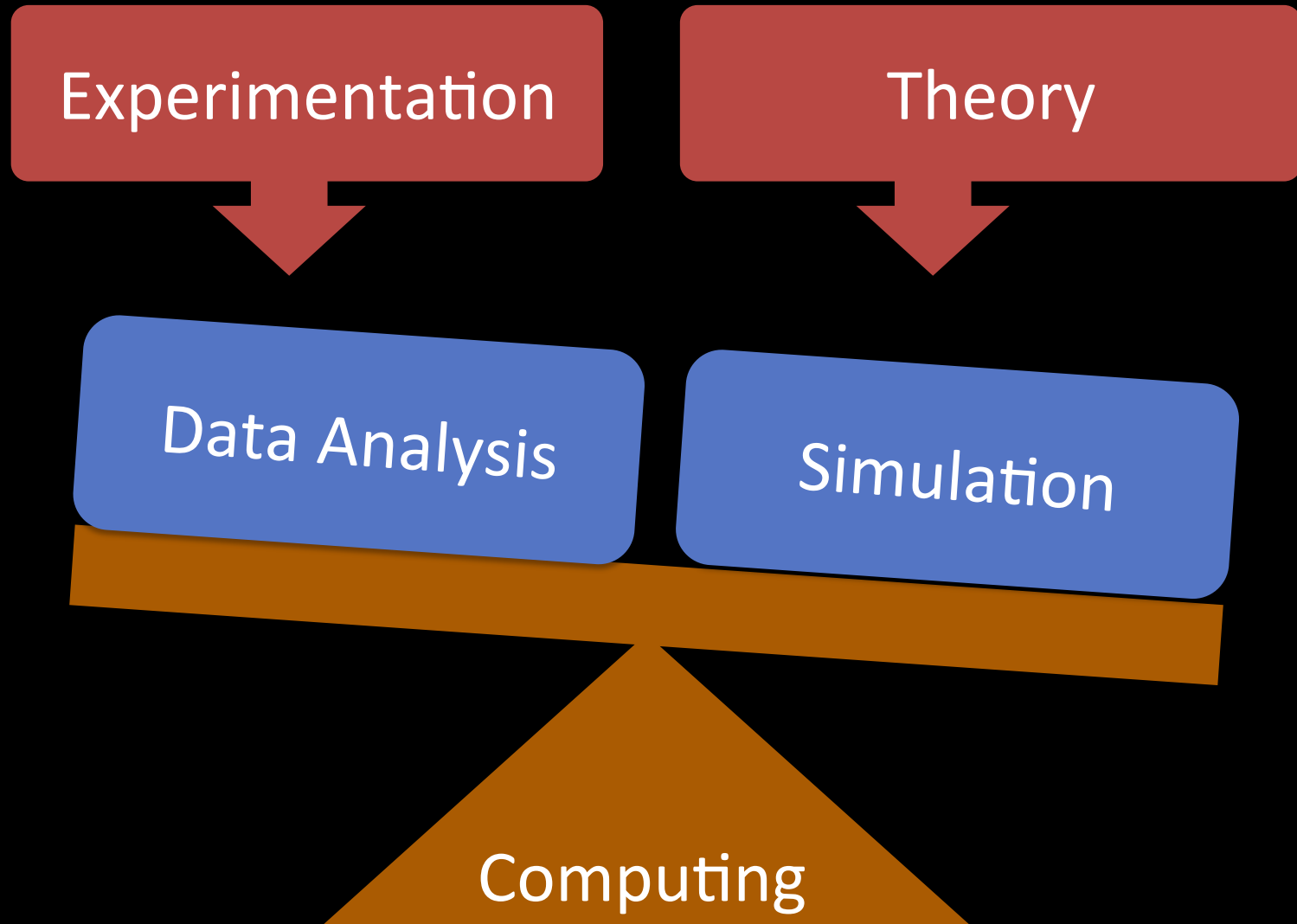
- *Velocity*: CCDs outpacing Moore's Law
- *Veracity*: noisy data for 3D reconstruction



### Climate

- *Volume*: Hundreds of exabytes by 2020
- *Veracity*: Reanalysis of 100-year-old sparse data

# High end computing has focused on simulation



# Data analysis is equally important in Science

Experimentation

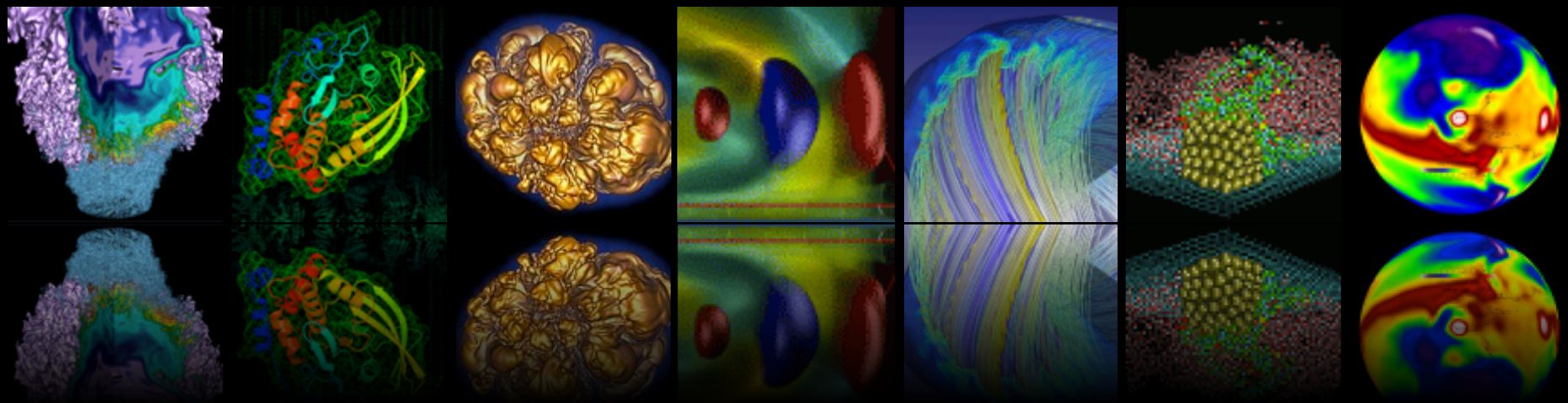
Theory

Growth in Sequencers,  
CCDs, sensors, etc.

Data Analysis

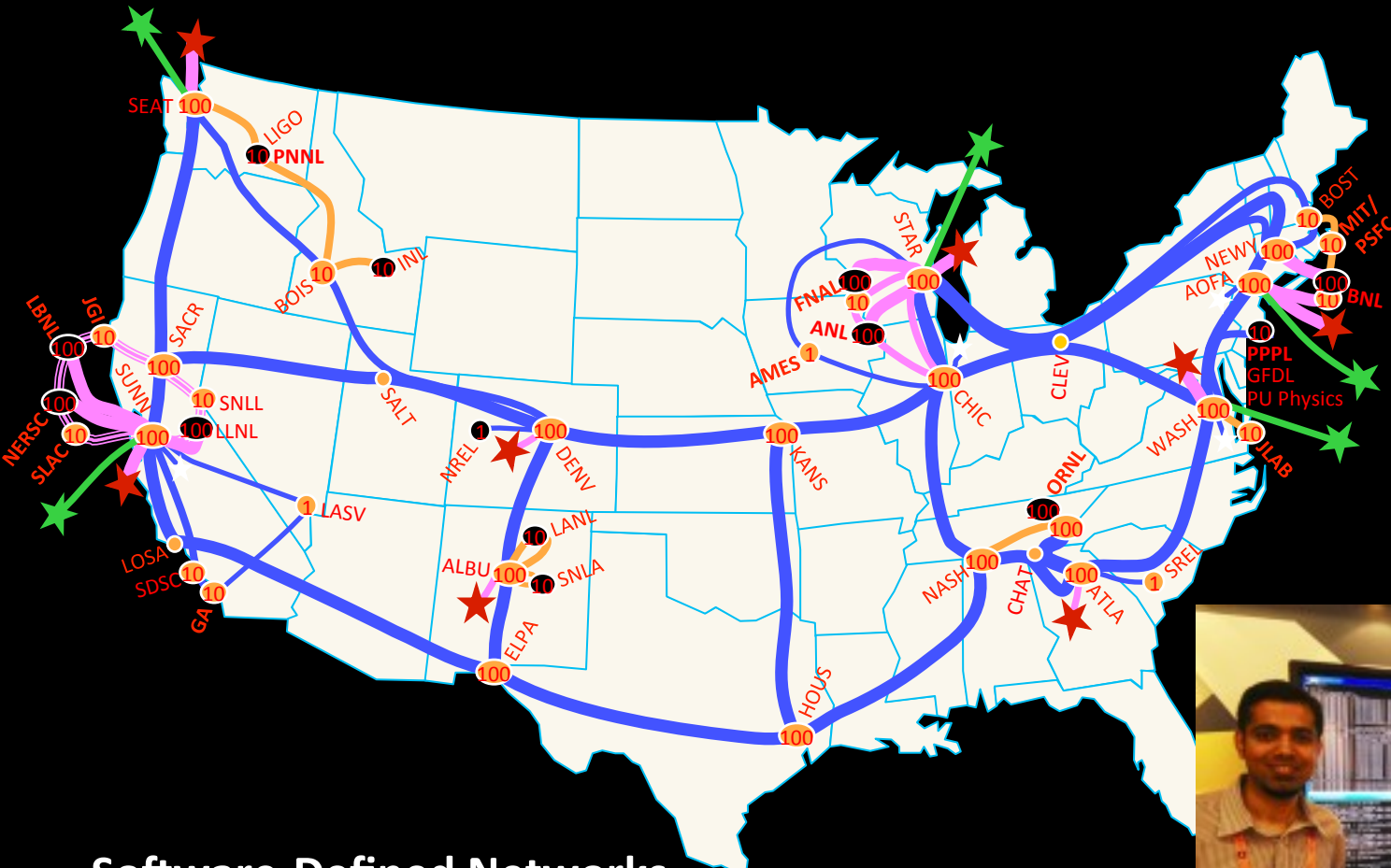
Simulation

Computing



**Are there Computer Science Research Challenges?**

# Network as Infrastructure *Instrument*



## Software-Defined Networks

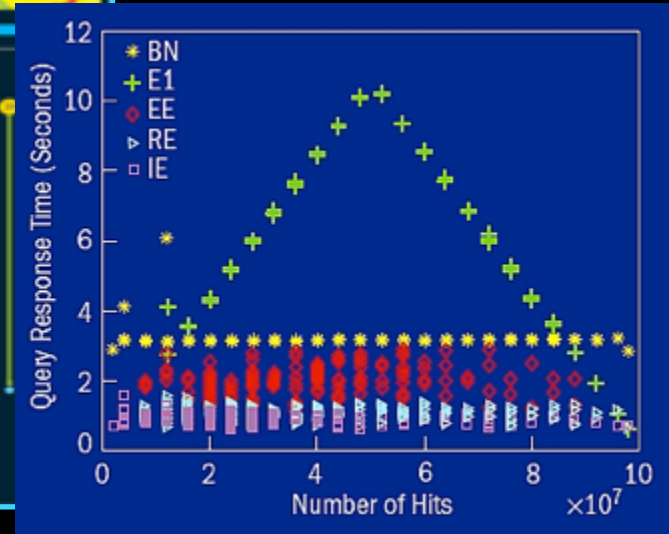
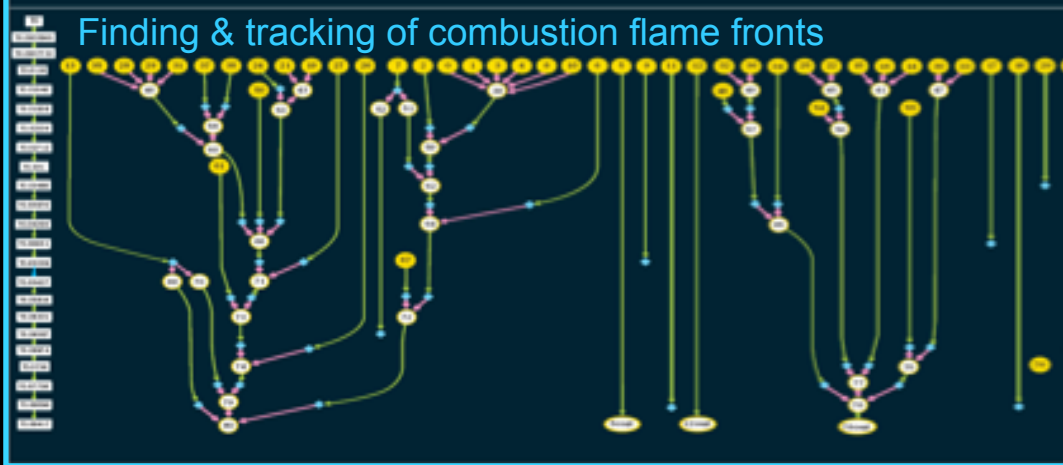
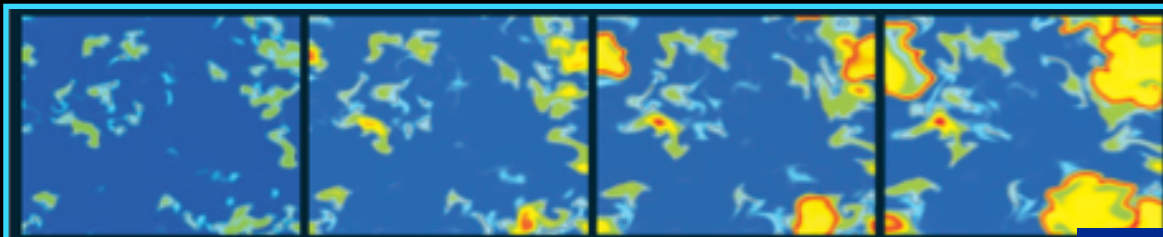
- Infrastructure: black box with complex internals
- Instrument: fast, adaptive, programmable



ESnet, Infinera, and Brocade demo transport SDN



# Data structures, Algorithms, and Speed

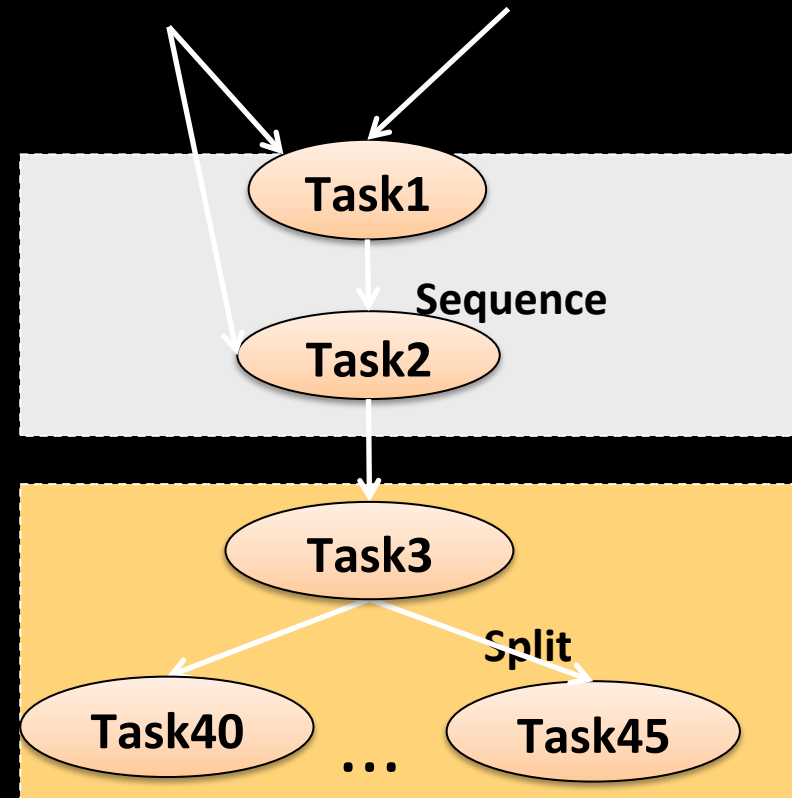
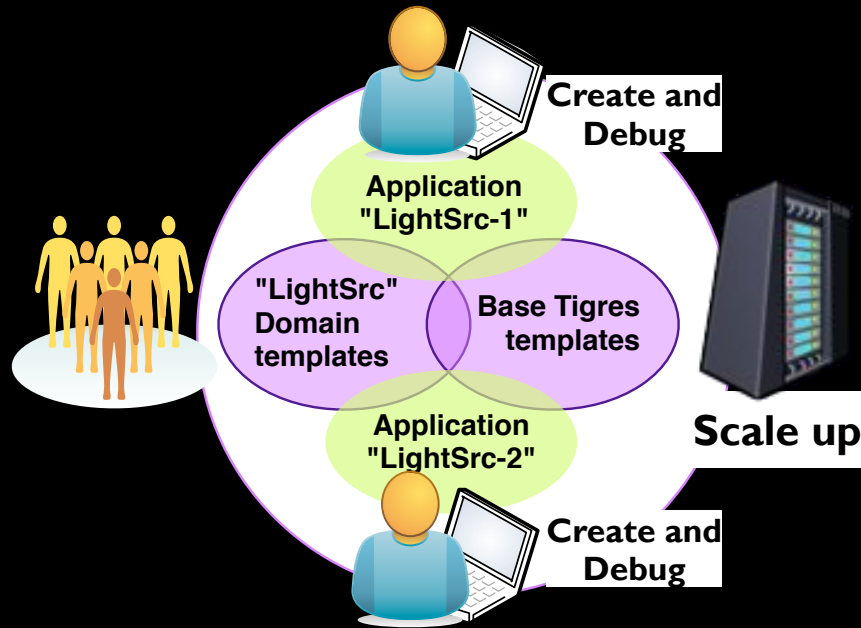


J. Wu, A. Shoshani, A. Sim, D. Rotum

- **Fastbit & Fastquery**

- specialized compression and object-level search
- bitmap indexing methods
- Theoretically optimal and 10x-100x faster in practice

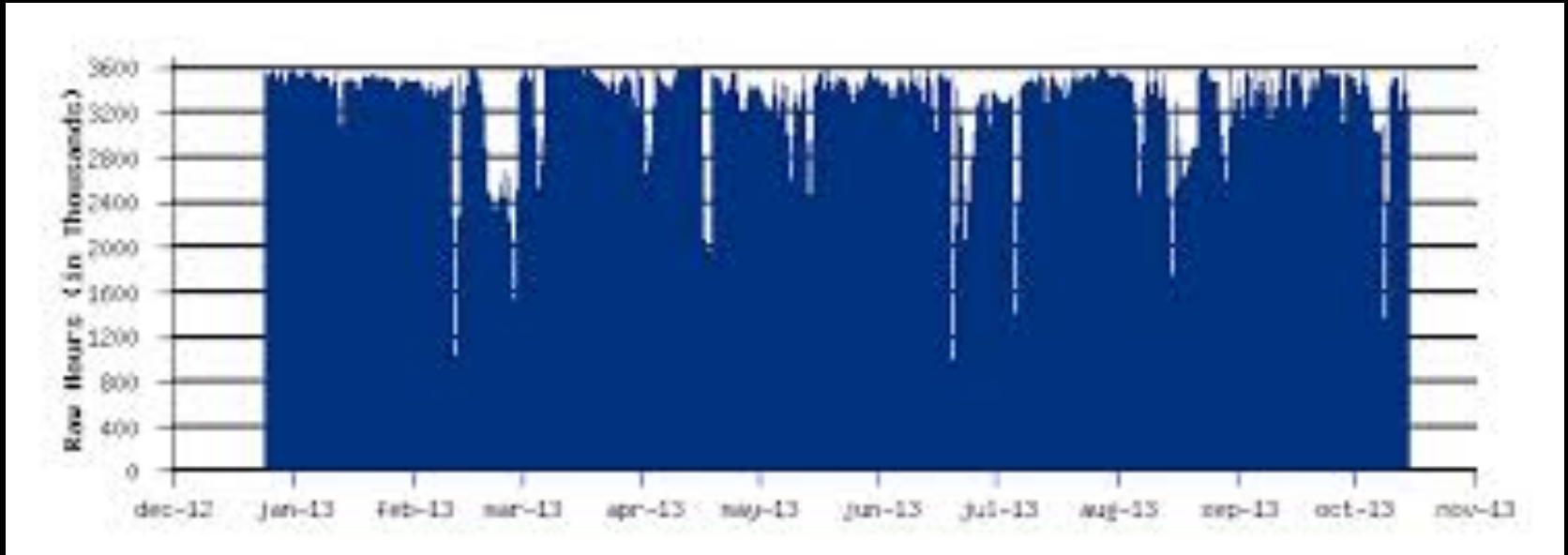
# Scientific Workflows



- **Tigres: Design *templates* for scientific workflows**
  - Explicitly support Sequence, Parallel, Split, Merge
- **Fireworks: High Throughput job scheduler**
  - Runs on HPC systems

L. Ramakrishnan, V. Hendrix, D. Gunter, G.Pastorello, R. Rodriguez, A. Essari , D. Agarwal

# Trade-offs in Utilization vs Response Time



- 95% utilization, but the users wait
- Real-time analysis on streams
- Interactive access to data

# Analytics vs. Simulation Kernels:

7 Giants of Data	7 Dwarfs of Simulation
Basic statistics	Monte Carlo methods
Generalized N-Body	Particle methods
Graph-theory	Unstructured meshes
Linear algebra	Dense Linear Algebra Sparse Linear Algebra
Optimizations	
Integrations	Spectral methods
Alignment	Structured Meshes

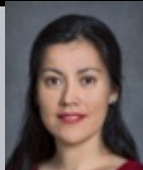
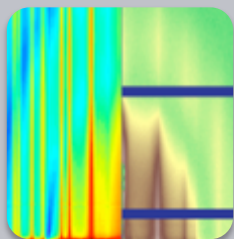


# CAMERA leverages state-of-the-art mathematics to transform experimental data into understanding

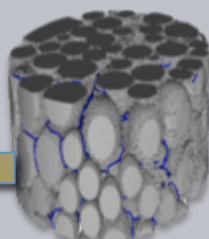
CENTER FOR APPLIED MATHEMATICS FOR ENERGY RESEARCH APPLICATIONS



Sherry Li



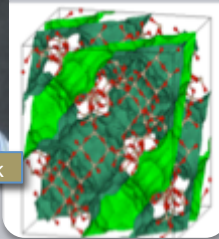
D. Ushizima



J. Donatelli



M. Haranczyk



## X-ray scattering data analysis

HipGISAXS 400-1500x faster analysis for X-ray scattering data

Now: Nonlinear optimization, genetic algorithms, pattern recognition w/ noise

## Micro-CT Sample Analysis

Quant-CT provides automated quantitative analysis

Now: 3D image segmentation, pattern recognition, classification algorithms, PDE- and graph-based analysis

## X-ray Nano-Crystallographic Reconstruction

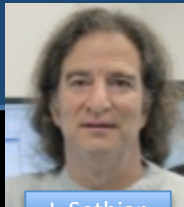
Indexing ambiguity resolved [PNAS13]

Now: Image orientation, find crystal shape/size; address orientation ambiguities; data variance reduction

## Designing New Materials

Designed record-breaking high-surface area materials

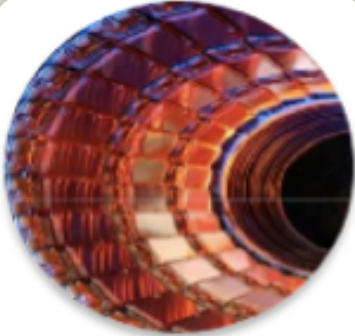
Now: 3D porous polymer model assembly; Zeo++ porosity characterization ; Optimal high-performing material designs



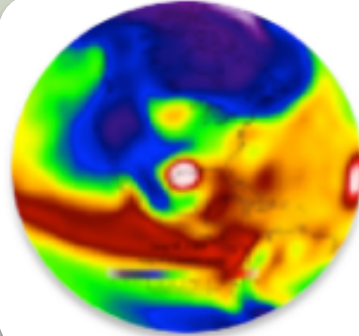
J. Sethian

Lead PI, DOE-funded

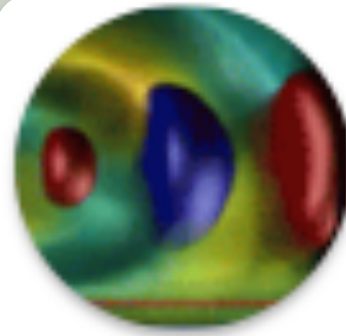
# Programming Challenge? Science Problems Fit Across the “Irregularity” Spectrum



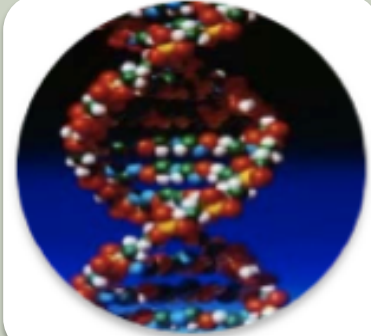
**Massive  
Independent  
Jobs for  
Analysis and  
Simulations**



**Nearest  
Neighbor  
Simulations**



**All-to-All  
Simulations**

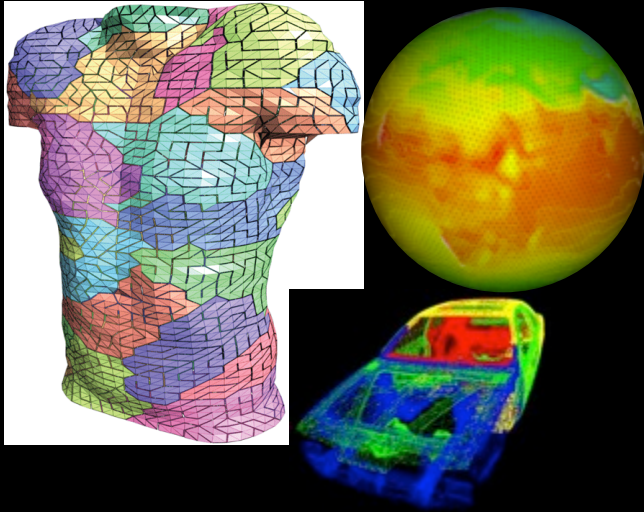


**Random  
access, large  
data Analysis**

**... often they fit in multiple categories**

# The Programming Answer is Obvious...

*More Regular*

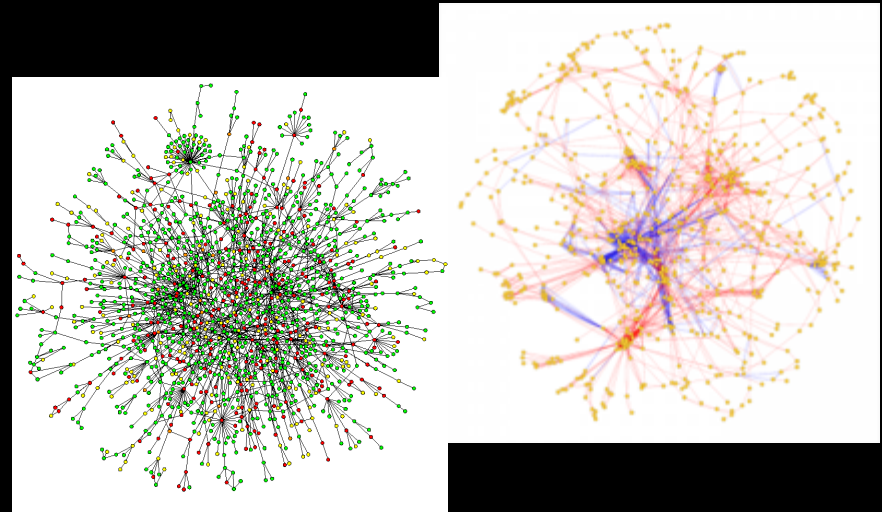


## Message Passing Programming

Divide up domain in pieces  
Compute one piece  
Send/Receive data from others

*MPI, and many libraries*

*More Irregular*



## Global Address Space Programming

Each start computing  
Grab whatever / whenever

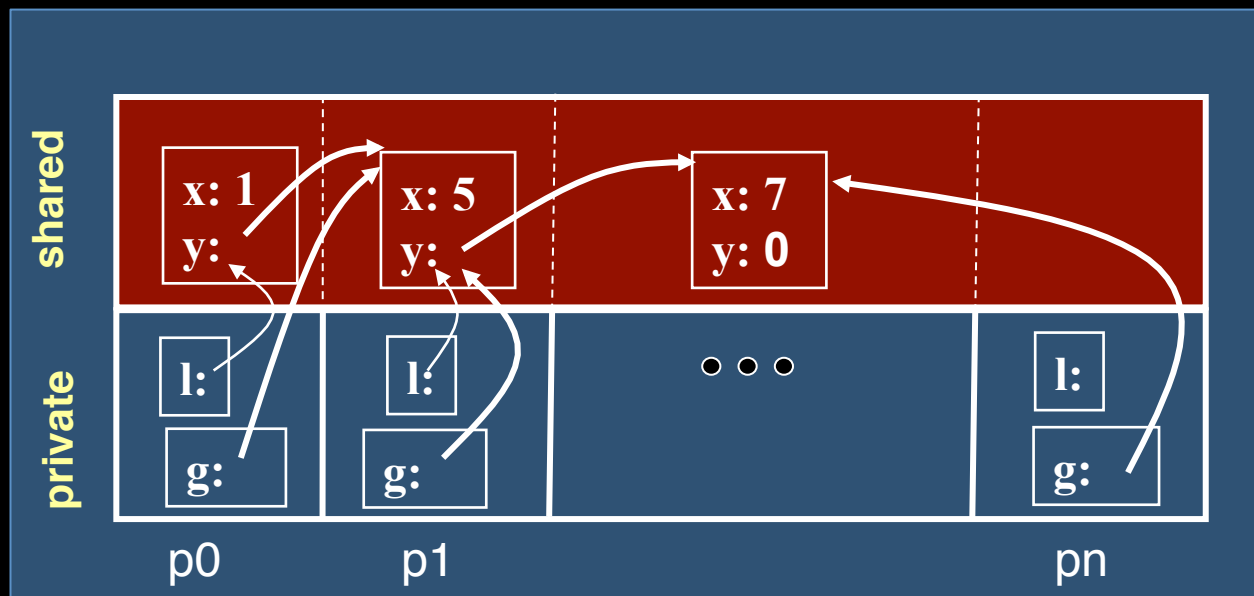
*UPC, CAF, X10, Chapel, GlobalArrays*

# Partitioned Global Address Space for Convenience and Performance

## **PGAS: Partitioned Global Address Space**

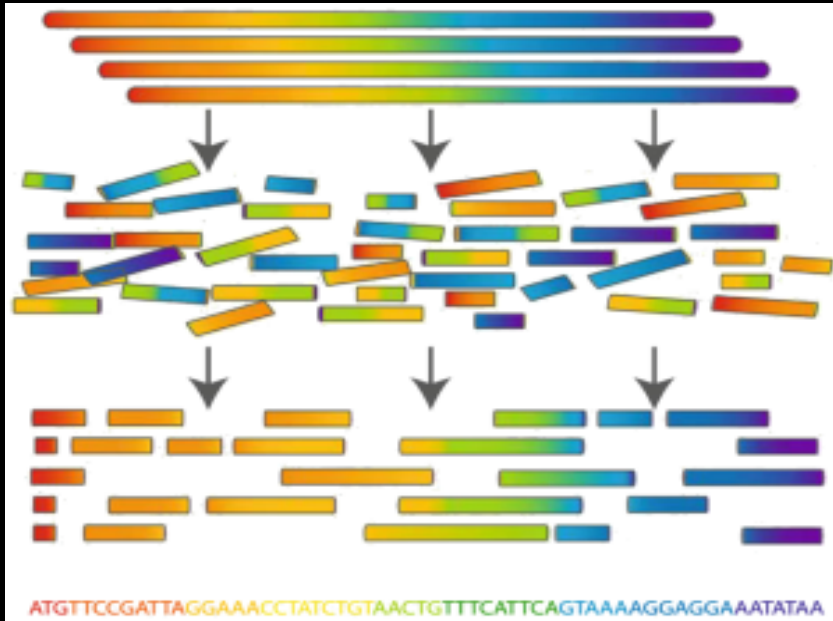
**Global address space:** directly read/write remote data

**Partitioned:** data is designated as local or global

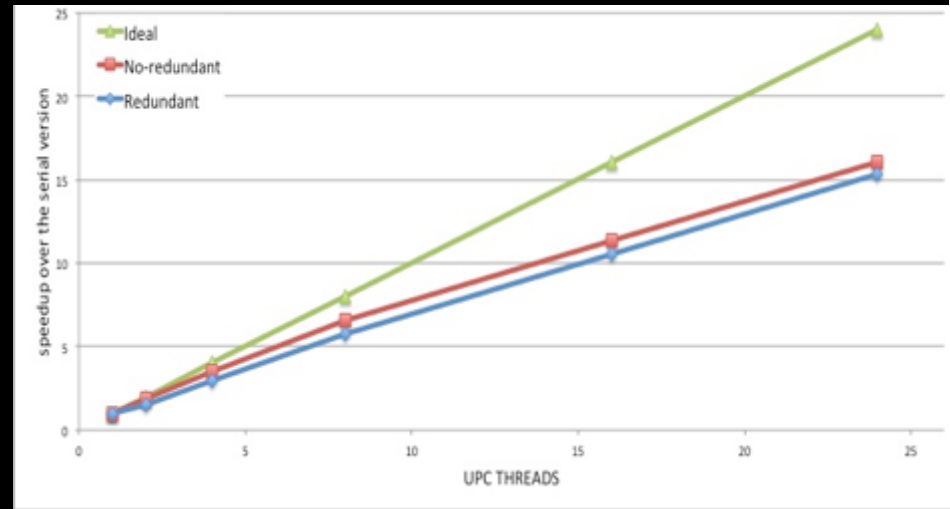




# Programming Models for Analytics

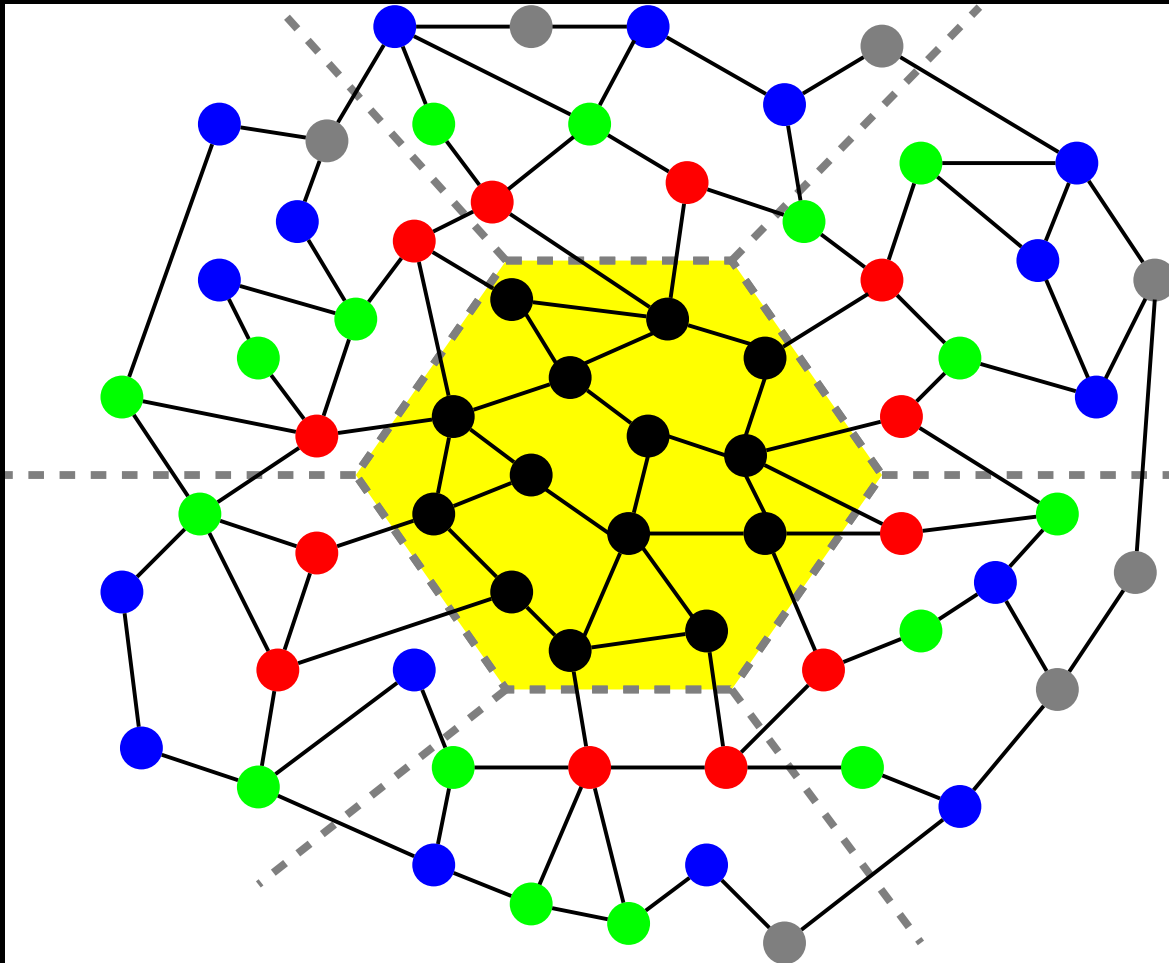


Strong Scaling of Meraculous Assembler in UPC



- **Computational Biologists buy large shared memory machines to assemble genomes**
- **For many problems (including metagenomics) these are not large enough**

# Communication Avoiding Algorithms on Sparse Matrices (aka Graphs)



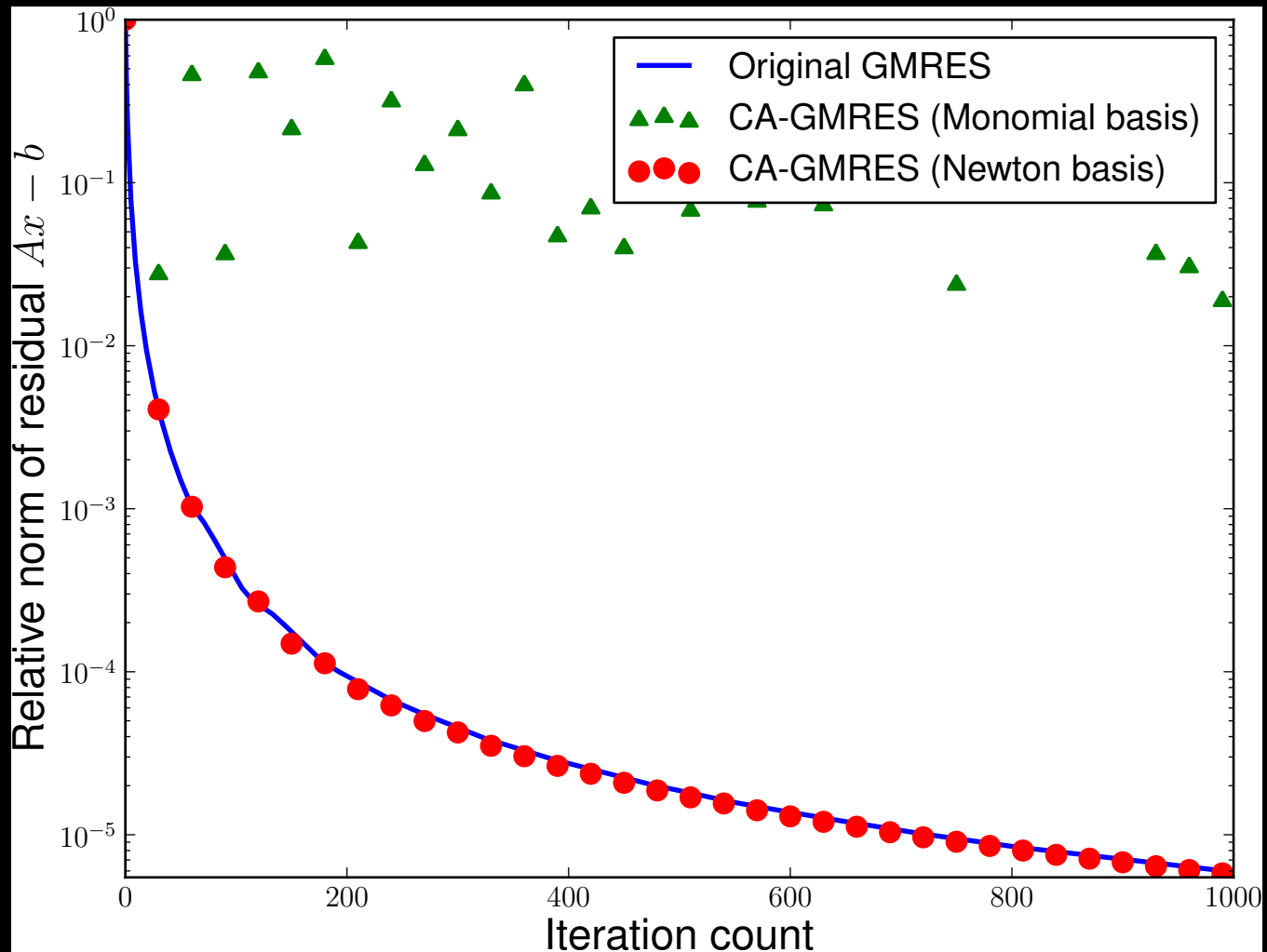
*For implicit memory management (caches) uses a TSP algorithm for layout*

Joint work with Jim Demmel, Mark Hoemman, Marghoob Mohiyuddin

- **Can do better: 1 matrix read, multiple multiplies**
  - Serial:  $O(1)$  moves of data vs.  $O(k)$
  - Parallel:  $O(\log p)$  messages vs.  $O(k \log p)$

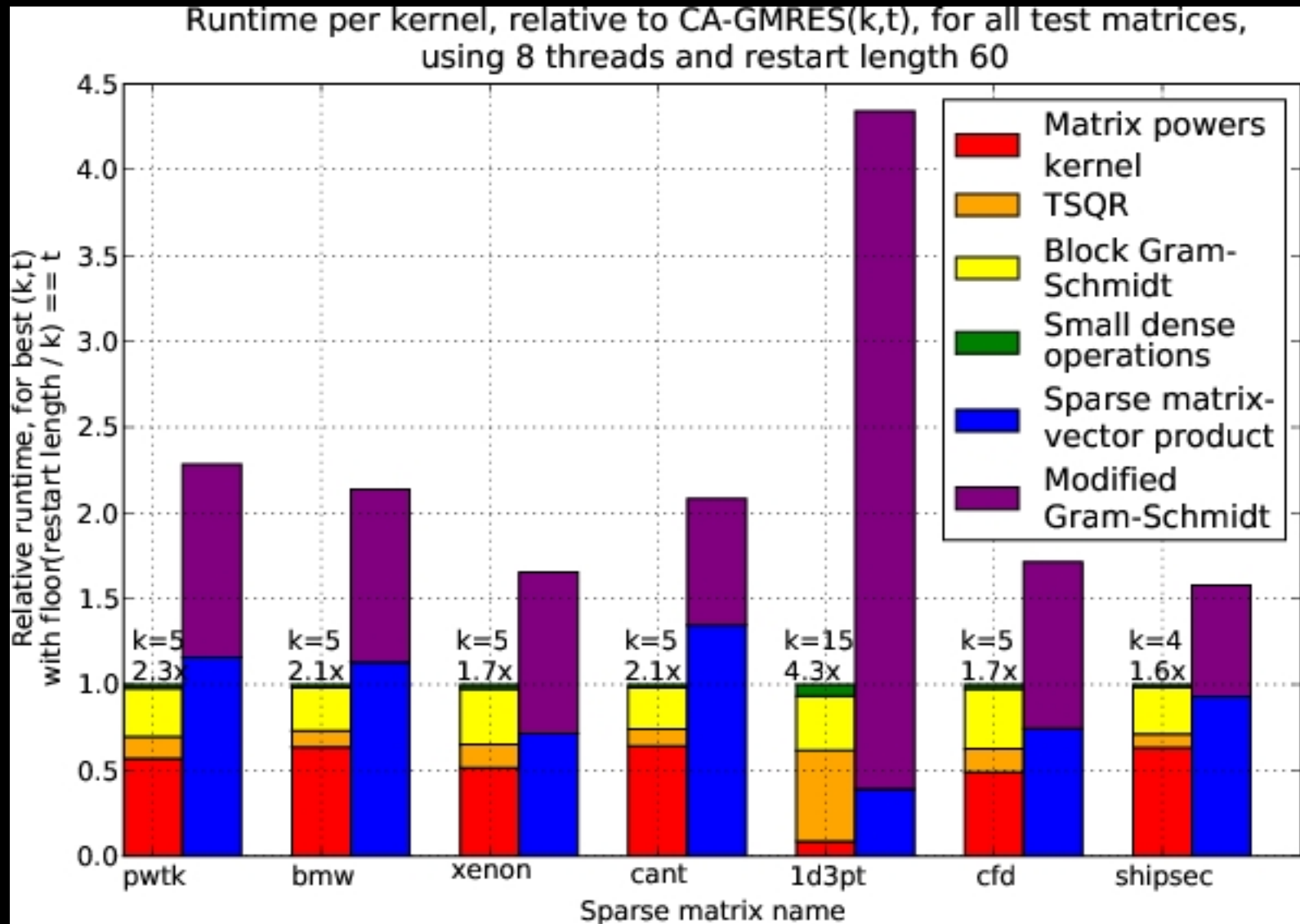


# Matrix Powers Kernel (and TSQR) in GMRES

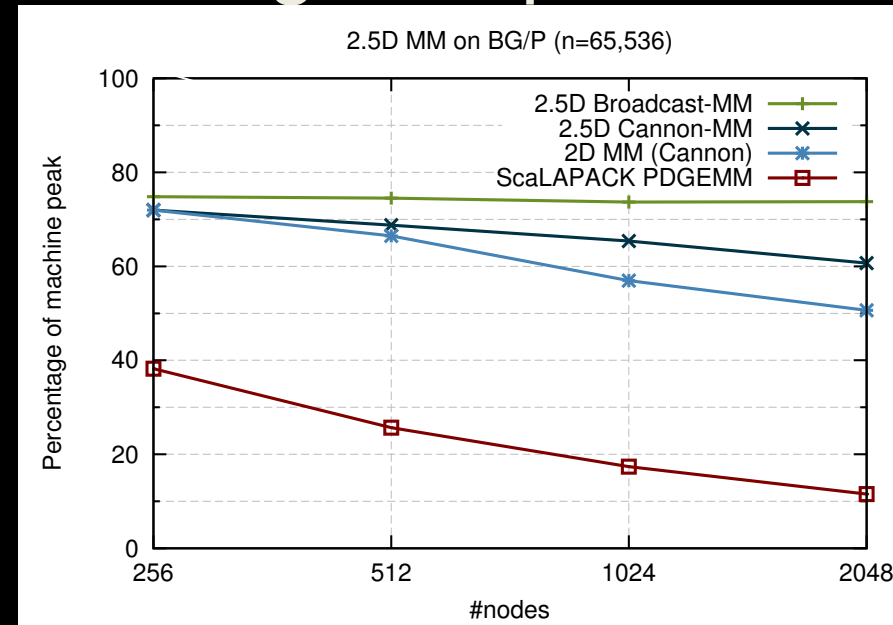
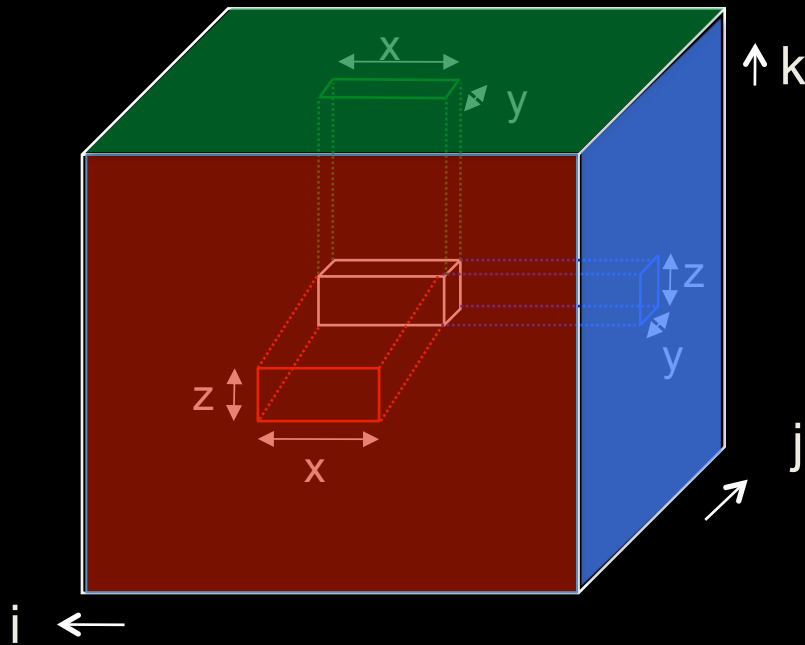


# Communication-Avoiding Krylov Method (GMRES)

Performance on 8 core Clovertown



# Towards Communication-Avoiding Compilers

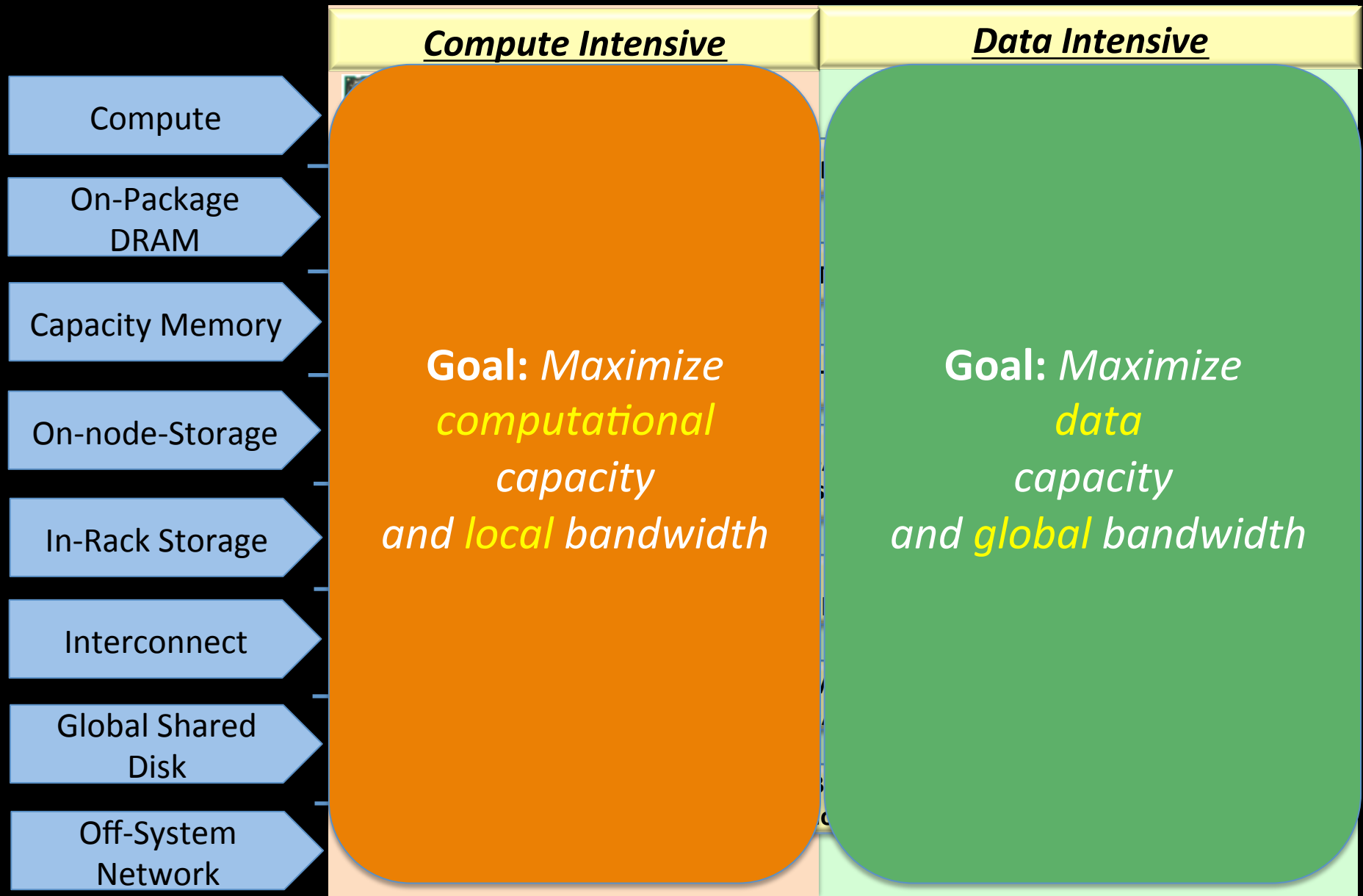


**Matrix Multiplication code has a 3D iteration space**  
**Each point in the space is a constant computation (\*/+)**

for i, for j, for k **C[i,j]** ... **A[i,k]** ... **B[k,j]** ...

*These are not just “avoiding,” they are “communication-optimal”*

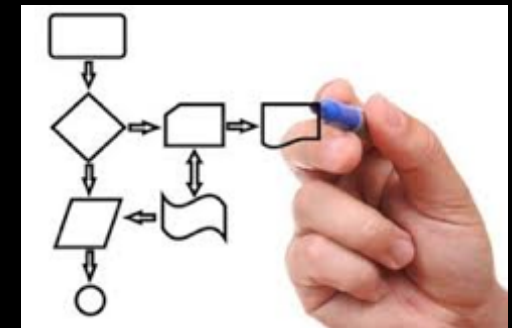
# Technology for Scientific Data



# Scientific Data Initiative at Berkeley Lab



$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dVar(t)}{dt} &= \\ & - K^2 Fg + gK^2 F ds - \int_{s_j(t)}^{s_j(t)+S} (-g^{-1}F_s)_s - K \\ & - \int_{s_j(t)}^{s_j(t)} (g^{-1}F_s)_s ds + \int_{s_j(t)}^{s_j(t)+S} (g^{-1}F_s)_s ds \\ & - F_s |_{s_j(t)} - g^{-1}F_s |_{s_j(t)} + \left[ g^{-1}F_s |_{s_j(t)+S} - g \right. \\ & \left. = -2 (g^{-1}F_K K_s) |_{s_j(t)} + 2 (g^{-1}F_K K_s) |_{s_j(t)} \right] \end{aligned}$$



Leverage Berkeley Lab talent in math, computer science, interdisciplinary team science, networking, software engineering and our new infrastructure to enable new modes of inquiry and discovery from scientific data sets



# Thanks to Collaborators, Students, Postdocs, Program Managers

- Jim Demmel
- Paul Hargrove
- Costin Iancu
- Bill Carlson
- Lauren Smith
- Tarek El-Ghazawi
- Khaled Ibrahim
- Erich Strohmaier
- Eric Roman
- Bob Lucas
- Yili Zheng
- Greg Balls
- Randi Thomas
- Carelton Miyamoto
- C.J. Lin
- Deborah Weisser
- Ngeci Bowman
- Arvind Krishnamurthy
- Soumen Chakrabarti
- Chih-Po Wen
- Jeff Jones
- Steve Steinberg
- Rich Vuduc
- Leonid Oliker
- Sam Williams
- Michael Driscoll
- Evangelos Georganas
- Penporn Kaonantakool
- Shoaib Kamil
- Amir Kamil
- Dan Bonachea
- Jimmy Su
- Rajesh Nishtala
- Kaushik Datta
- Brian Kazian
- Wei Chen
- Jason Duell
- Christian Bell
- Mani Narayanan
- Ed Givelberg
- Sabrina Merchant
- Etienne Deprit
- Noah Treuhaft
- Siu Man Yau
- Eun-Jin Im